

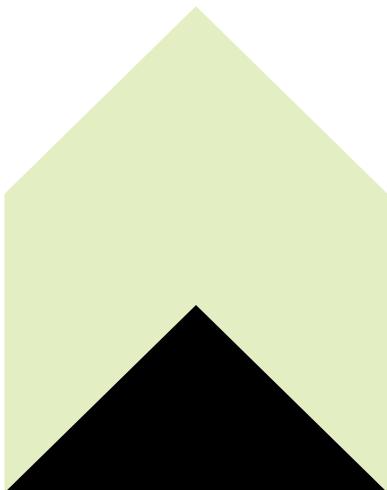
Definitions and Geometric Terms



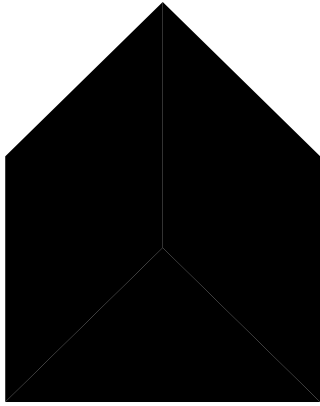
A Point is a small dot or mark having no length or breadth.



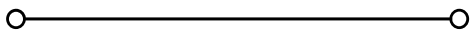
A Line has length but it has no breadth..



A Surface has length and breadth but no depth..



A Solid has length, breadth and depth..



A Straight Line joins two points in the most direct way.



A Curved Line joins two points but changes direction.



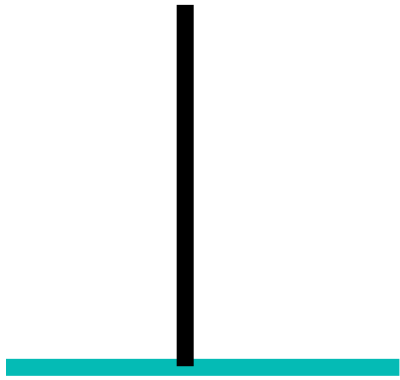
A Vertical Line
points to the center
of the earth..



A Horizontal Line
makes a right angle
with a vertical line.



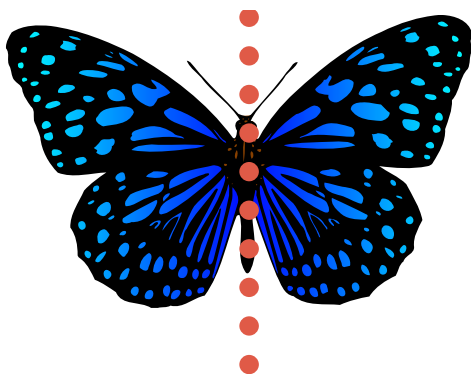
A Plane is a flat
surface..



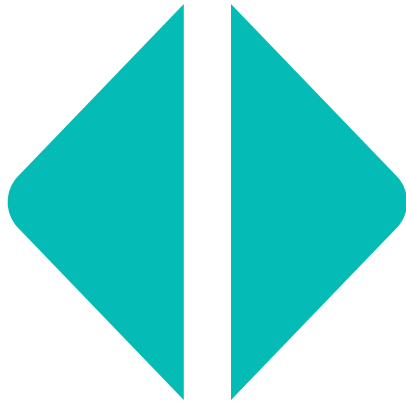
A Perpendicular line is when one line stands on another and the adjacent - side by side- angles are equal..



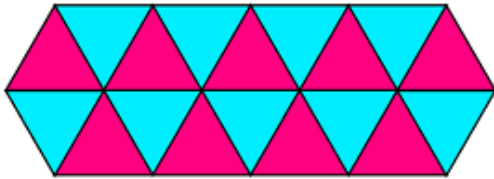
Parallel Lines are two lines on a plane that never meet. They are always the same distance apart.



A Line of Symmetry occurs when one side of the dotted line matches the other exactly.



Congruent Figures are figures that have the same angles and lengths of sides.



A Tessellated Figure is a shape repeated over and over again without any gaps or overlaps.



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